F03AFF - NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

 ${
m F03AFF}$ computes an LU factorization of a real matrix, with partial pivoting, and evaluates the determinant.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO3AFF(N, EPS, A, IA, D1, ID, P, IFAIL)
INTEGER

N, IA, ID, IFAIL

real

EPS, A(IA,*), D1, P(*)
```

3 Description

This routine computes an LU factorization of a real matrix A with partial pivoting: PA = LU, where P is a permutation matrix, L is lower triangular and U is unit upper triangular. The determinant of A is the product of the diagonal elements of L with the correct sign determined by the row interchanges.

4 References

[1] Wilkinson J H and Reinsch C (1971) Handbook for Automatic Computation II, Linear Algebra Springer-Verlag

5 Parameters

1: N — INTEGER

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: $N \geq 0$.

 $\mathbf{2}$: EPS — real

On entry: EPS must be set to the value of

machine precision.

3: A(IA,*) — real array Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least max(1,N).

On entry: the n by n matrix A.

On exit: A is overwritten by the lower triangular matrix L and the off-diagonal elements of the upper triangular matrix U. The unit diagonal elements of U are not stored.

4: IA — INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F03AFF is called.

Constraint: IA $\geq \max(1,N)$.

5: D1 - real

6: ID — INTEGER Output

On exit: the determinant of A is given by D1 \times 2.0^{ID}. It is given in this form to avoid overflow or underflow.

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7: P(*) - real array

Note: the dimension of the array P must be at least max(1,N).

On exit: P(i) gives the row index of the ith pivot.

8: IFAIL — INTEGER Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. For users not familiar with this parameter (described in Chapter P01) the recommended value is 0.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

The matrix A is singular, possibly due to rounding errors. The factorization could not be completed. D1 and ID are set to zero.

IFAIL = 2

On entry,
$$N < 0$$
,
or $IA < max(1,N)$.

7 Accuracy

The accuracy of the determinant depends on the conditioning of the original matrix. For a detailed error analysis, see Wilkinson and Reinsch [1] page 107.

8 Further Comments

The time taken by the routine is approximately proportional to n^3 .

9 Example

To compute the LU factorization with partial pivoting, and calculate the determinant, of the real matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 33 & 16 & 72 \\ -24 & -10 & -57 \\ -8 & -4 & -17 \end{pmatrix}.$$

9.1 Program Text

Note. The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

* FO3AFF Example Program Text

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Parameters ..

 $egin{array}{lll} { ext{INTEGER}} & { ext{NMAX, IA}} \\ { ext{\it real}} & { ext{TWO}} \\ \end{array}$

PARAMETER (NMAX=8, IA=NMAX, TWO=2.0e0)

INTEGER NIN, NOUT
PARAMETER (NIN=5,NOUT=6)

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F03 – Determinants

```
.. Local Scalars ..
     real
     INTEGER
                      I, ID, IFAIL, J, N
      .. Local Arrays ..
                      A(IA,NMAX), P(NMAX)
     .. External Functions ..
     real
                XO2AJF
     EXTERNAL
                     X02AJF
     .. External Subroutines ...
     EXTERNAL FO3AFF
     .. Executable Statements ..
     WRITE (NOUT,*) 'FO3AFF Example Program Results'
     Skip heading in data file
     READ (NIN,*)
     READ (NIN,*) N
     WRITE (NOUT,*)
     IF (N.GE.O .AND. N.LE.NMAX) THEN
         READ (NIN,*) ((A(I,J),J=1,N),I=1,N)
         IFAIL = 0
         CALL FO3AFF(N, XO2AJF(), A, IA, D1, ID, P, IFAIL)
         WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Array A after factorization'
         DO 20 I = 1, N
            WRITE (NOUT, 99998) (A(I,J), J=1,N)
   20
         CONTINUE
         WRITE (NOUT,*)
         WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Array P'
         WRITE (NOUT, 99998) (P(I), I=1, N)
         WRITE (NOUT,*)
         WRITE (NOUT,99997) 'D1 = ', D1, ' ID = ', ID
         D1 = D1*TW0**ID
         WRITE (NOUT,*)
         WRITE (NOUT,99997) 'Value of determinant = ', D1
     ELSE
         WRITE (NOUT,99999) 'N is out of range: N = ', N
     END IF
     STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,A,I5)
99998 FORMAT (1X,8F9.4)
99997 FORMAT (1X,A,F9.4,A,I2)
     END
```

9.2 Program Data

```
F03AFF Example Program Data

3

33 16 72

-24 -10 -57

-8 -4 -17
```

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F03 - Determinants

9.3 Program Results

```
FO3AFF Example Program Results
```

```
Array A after factorization

-8.0000 0.5000 2.1250

-24.0000 2.0000 -3.0000

33.0000 -0.5000 0.3750
```

Array P 3.0000 2.0000 3.0000

D1 = 0.3750 ID = 4

Value of determinant = 6.0000

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