### F07FRF (CPOTRF/ZPOTRF) - NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F07FRF (CPOTRF/ZPOTRF) computes the Cholesky factorization of a complex Hermitian positive-definite matrix.

# 2 Specification

SUBROUTINE FO7FRF (UPLO, N, A, LDA, INFO) ENTRY cpotrf (UPLO, N, A, LDA, INFO) INTEGER N, LDA, INFO complex A (LDA,\*) CHARACTER\*1 UPLO

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

# 3 Description

This routine forms the Cholesky factorization of a complex Hermitian positive-definite matrix A either as  $A = U^H U$  if UPLO = 'U', or  $A = LL^H$  if UPLO = 'L', where U is an upper triangular matrix and L is lower triangular.

### 4 References

- [1] Demmel J W (1989) On floating-point errors in Cholesky *LAPACK Working Note No. 14* University of Tennessee, Knoxville
- [2] Golub G H and van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations Johns Hopkins University Press (3rd Edition), Baltimore

### 5 Parameters

#### 1: UPLO — CHARACTER\*1

Input

On entry: indicates whether the upper or lower triangular part of A is stored and how A is factorized, as follows:

if UPLO = 'U', then the upper triangular part of A is stored and A is factorized as  $U^HU$ , where U is upper triangular;

if UPLO = 'L', then the lower triangular part of A is stored and A is factorized as  $LL^H$ , where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

#### 2: N — INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint:  $N \geq 0$ .

#### 3: A(LDA,\*) - complex array

Input/Output

**Note:** the second dimension of the array A must be at least max(1,N).

On entry: the n by n Hermitian positive-definite matrix A. If UPLO = 'U', the upper triangle of A must be stored and the elements of the array below the diagonal are not referenced; if UPLO = 'L', the lower triangle of A must be stored and the elements of the array above the diagonal are not referenced.

On exit: the upper or lower triangle of A is overwritten by the Cholesky factor U or L as specified by UPLO.

4: LDA — INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F07FRF (CPOTRF/ZPOTRF) is called.

Constraint: LDA  $\geq \max(1,N)$ .

**5:** INFO — INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

# 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, the *i*th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO = i, the leading minor of order i is not positive-definite and the factorization could not be completed. Hence A itself is not positive-definite. This may indicate an error in forming the matrix A. To factorize a Hermitian matrix which is not positive-definite, call F07MRF (CHETRF/ZHETRF) instead.

# 7 Accuracy

If UPLO = 'U', the computed factor U is the exact factor of a perturbed matrix A + E, where

$$|E| \le c(n)\epsilon |U^H||U|,$$

c(n) is a modest linear function of n, and  $\epsilon$  is the **machine precision**. If UPLO = 'L', a similar statement holds for the computed factor L. It follows that  $|e_{ij}| \leq c(n)\epsilon \sqrt{a_{ii}a_{jj}}$ .

### 8 Further Comments

The total number of real floating-point operations is approximately  $\frac{4}{3}n^3$ .

A call to this routine may be followed by calls to the routines:

F07FSF (CPOTRS/ZPOTRS) to solve AX = B;

F07FUF (CPOCON/ZPOCON) to estimate the condition number of A;

F07FWF (CPOTRI/ZPOTRI) to compute the inverse of A.

The real analogue of this routine is F07FDF (SPOTRF/DPOTRF).

# 9 Example

To compute the Cholesky factorization of the matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3.23 + 0.00i & 1.51 - 1.92i & 1.90 + 0.84i & 0.42 + 2.50i \\ 1.51 + 1.92i & 3.58 + 0.00i & -0.23 + 1.11i & -1.18 + 1.37i \\ 1.90 - 0.84i & -0.23 - 1.11i & 4.09 + 0.00i & 2.33 - 0.14i \\ 0.42 - 2.50i & -1.18 - 1.37i & 2.33 + 0.14i & 4.29 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix}$$

### 9.1 Program Text

**Note.** The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
F07FRF Example Program Text
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.. Parameters ..
INTEGER
                 NIN, NOUT
PARAMETER.
                 (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
                 NMAX, LDA
INTEGER
PARAMETER
                 (NMAX=8,LDA=NMAX)
.. Local Scalars ..
INTEGER
                I, IFAIL, INFO, J, N
CHARACTER
                UPLO
.. Local Arrays ..
complex
                A(LDA,NMAX)
CHARACTER
                 CLABS(1), RLABS(1)
.. External Subroutines ..
EXTERNAL
                XO4DBF, cpotrf
.. Executable Statements ...
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F07FRF Example Program Results'
Skip heading in data file
READ (NIN,*)
READ (NIN,*) N
IF (N.LE.NMAX) THEN
   Read A from data file
   READ (NIN,*) UPLO
   IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
      READ (NIN,*) ((A(I,J),J=I,N),I=1,N)
   ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
      READ (NIN,*) ((A(I,J),J=1,I),I=1,N)
   END IF
   Factorize A
   CALL cpotrf(UPLO,N,A,LDA,INFO)
   WRITE (NOUT, *)
   IF (INFO.EQ.O) THEN
      Print factor
      IFAIL = 0
      CALL XO4DBF(UPLO, 'Nonunit', N, N, A, LDA, 'Bracketed', 'F7.4',
                  'Factor', 'Integer', RLABS, 'Integer', CLABS, 80,0,
                  IFAIL)
   ELSE
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'A is not positive-definite'
   END IF
END IF
STOP
END
```

### 9.2 Program Data

```
F07FRF Example Program Data

4 :Value of N
'L' :Value of UPLO

(3.23, 0.00)

(1.51, 1.92) ( 3.58, 0.00)

(1.90,-0.84) (-0.23,-1.11) ( 4.09, 0.00)

(0.42,-2.50) (-1.18,-1.37) ( 2.33, 0.14) ( 4.29, 0.00) :End of matrix A
```

### 9.3 Program Results

FO7FRF Example Program Results

#### Factor

```
1 2 3 4
1 (1.7972, 0.0000)
2 (0.8402, 1.0683) (1.3164, 0.0000)
3 (1.0572, -0.4674) (-0.4702, 0.3131) (1.5604, 0.0000)
4 (0.2337, -1.3910) (0.0834, 0.0368) (0.9360, 0.9900) (0.6603, 0.0000)
```