F07MWF (CHETRI/ZHETRI) – NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07MWF (CHETRI/ZHETRI) computes the inverse of a complex Hermitian indefinite matrix A, where A has been factorized by F07MRF (CHETRF/ZHETRF).

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07MWF(UPLO, N, A, LDA, IPIV, WORK, INFO)
ENTRY      chetri(UPLO, N, A, LDA, IPIV, WORK, INFO)
INTEGER            N, LDA, IPIV(*), INFO
complex            A(LDA,*), WORK(*)
CHARACTER*1        UPLO
```

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

3 Description

To compute the inverse of a complex Hermitian indefinite matrix A, this routine must be preceded by a call to F07MRF (CHETRF/ZHETRF), which computes the Bunch–Kaufman factorization of A.

If UPLO = 'U', $A = PUDU^HP^T$ and A^{-1} is computed by solving $U^HP^TXPU = D^{-1}$ for X.

If UPLO = 'L', $A = PLDL^HP^T$ and A^{-1} is computed by solving $L^HP^TXPL = D^{-1}$ for X.

4 References

[1] Du Croz J J and Higham N J (1992) Stability of methods for matrix inversion *IMA J. Numer. Anal.* **12** 1–19

5 Parameters

1: UPLO — CHARACTER*1 *Input*

On entry: indicates how A has been factorized as follows:

if UPLO = 'U', then $A = PUDU^HP^T$, where U is upper triangular;
if UPLO = 'L', then $A = PLDL^HP^T$, where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

2: N — INTEGER *Input*

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: N ≥ 0.

3: A(LDA,*) — ***complex*** array *Input/Output*

Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least max(1,N).

On entry: details of the factorization of A, as returned by F07MRF (CHETRF/ZHETRF).

On exit: the factorization is overwritten by the n by n Hermitian matrix A^{-1}. If UPLO = 'U', the upper triangle of A^{-1} is stored in the upper triangular part of the array; if UPLO = 'L', the lower triangle of A^{-1} is stored in the lower triangular part of the array.

4: LDA — INTEGER *Input*

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F07MWF (CHETRI/ZHETRI) is called.

Constraint: LDA $\geq$ max(1,N).

5: IPIV($*$) — INTEGER array *Input*

Note: the dimension of the array IPIV must be at least max(1,N).

On entry: details of the interchanges and the block structure of D, as returned by F07MRF (CHETRF/ZHETRF).

6: WORK($*$) — ***complex*** array *Workspace*

Note: the dimension of the array WORK must be at least max(1,N).

7: INFO — INTEGER *Output*

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO $= -i$, the ith parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO $= i$, d_{ii} is exactly zero; D is singular and the inverse of A cannot be computed.

7 Accuracy

The computed inverse X satisfies a bound of the form

$|DU^HP^TXPU - I| \leq c(n)\epsilon(|D||U^H|P^T|X|P|U| + |D||D^{-1}|)$ if UPLO = 'U', or
$|DL^HP^TXPL - I| \leq c(n)\epsilon(|D||L^H|P^T|X|P|L| + |D||D^{-1}|)$ if UPLO = 'L',

where $c(n)$ is a modest linear function of n, and ϵ is the ***machine precision***.

8 Further Comments

The total number of real floating-point operations is approximately $\frac{8}{3}n^3$.

The real analogue of this routine is F07MJF (SSYTRI/DSYTRI).

9 Example

To compute the inverse of the matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1.36 + 0.00i & 1.58 + 0.90i & 2.21 - 0.21i & 3.91 + 1.50i \\ 1.58 - 0.90i & -8.87 + 0.00i & -1.84 - 0.03i & -1.78 + 1.18i \\ 2.21 + 0.21i & -1.84 + 0.03i & -4.63 + 0.00i & 0.11 + 0.11i \\ 3.91 - 1.50i & -1.78 - 1.18i & 0.11 - 0.11i & -1.84 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is Hermitian indefinite and must first be factorized by F07MRF (CHETRF/ZHETRF).

9.1 Program Text

Note. The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
*     F07MWF Example Program Text
*     Mark 15 Release. NAG Copyright 1991.
*     .. Parameters ..
      INTEGER          NIN, NOUT
      PARAMETER        (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
      INTEGER          NMAX, LDA, LWORK
      PARAMETER        (NMAX=8,LDA=NMAX,LWORK=64*NMAX)
*     .. Local Scalars ..
      INTEGER          I, IFAIL, INFO, J, N
      CHARACTER        UPLO
*     .. Local Arrays ..
      complex          A(LDA,NMAX), WORK(LWORK)
      INTEGER          IPIV(NMAX)
      CHARACTER        CLABS(1), RLABS(1)
*     .. External Subroutines ..
      EXTERNAL         chetrf, chetri, X04DBF
*     .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F07MWF Example Program Results'
*     Skip heading in data file
      READ (NIN,*)
      READ (NIN,*) N
      IF (N.LE.NMAX) THEN
*
*        Read A from data file
*
         READ (NIN,*) UPLO
         IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
            READ (NIN,*) ((A(I,J),J=I,N),I=1,N)
         ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
            READ (NIN,*) ((A(I,J),J=1,I),I=1,N)
         END IF
*
*        Factorize A
*
         CALL chetrf(UPLO,N,A,LDA,IPIV,WORK,LWORK,INFO)
*
         WRITE (NOUT,*)
         IF (INFO.EQ.0) THEN
*
*           Compute inverse of A
*
            CALL chetri(UPLO,N,A,LDA,IPIV,WORK,INFO)
*
*           Print inverse
*
            IFAIL = 0
            CALL X04DBF(UPLO,'Nonunit',N,N,A,LDA,'Bracketed','F7.4',
     +                  'Inverse','Integer',RLABS,'Integer',CLABS,80,0,
     +                  IFAIL)
         ELSE
            WRITE (NOUT,*) 'The factor D is singular'
         END IF
      END IF
      STOP
```

```
*
      END
```

9.2 Program Data

```
F07MWF Example Program Data
  4                                                          :Value of N
  'L'                                                        :Value of UPLO
 (-1.36, 0.00)
 ( 1.58,-0.90) (-8.87, 0.00)
 ( 2.21, 0.21) (-1.84, 0.03) (-4.63, 0.00)
 ( 3.91,-1.50) (-1.78,-1.18) ( 0.11,-0.11) (-1.84, 0.00)  :End of matrix A
```

9.3 Program Results

```
 F07MWF Example Program Results

 Inverse
                     1                 2                 3                 4
 1  ( 0.0826, 0.0000)
 2  (-0.0335, 0.0440) (-0.1408, 0.0000)
 3  ( 0.0603,-0.0105) ( 0.0422,-0.0222) (-0.2007, 0.0000)
 4  ( 0.2391,-0.0926) ( 0.0304, 0.0203) ( 0.0982,-0.0635) ( 0.0073, 0.0000)
```