NAG Fortran Library Routine Document F08FQF (CHEEVD/ZHEEVD)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

Warning. The specification of the parameters LRWORK and LIWORK changed at Mark 20 in the case where JOB = 'V' and N > 1: the minimum dimension of the array RWORK has been reduced whereas the minimum dimension of the array IWORK has been increased.

1 Purpose

F08FQF (CHEEVD/ZHEEVD) computes all the eigenvalues, and optionally all the eigenvectors, of a complex Hermitian matrix. If the eigenvectors are requested, then it uses a divide and conquer algorithm to compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors. However, if only eigenvalues are required, then it uses the Pal–Walker–Kahan variant of the QL or QR algorithm.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F08FQF(JOB, UPLO, N, A, LDA, W, WORK, LWORK, RWORK, LRWORK, 1 IWORK, LIWORK, INFO)

ENTRY cheevd (JOB, UPLO, N, A, LDA, W, WORK, LWORK, RWORK, LRWORK, 1 IWORK, LIWORK, INFO)

INTEGER N, LDA, LWORK, LRWORK, IWORK(*), LIWORK, INFO

real W(*), RWORK(*)

complex A(LDA,*), WORK(*)

CHARACTER*1 JOB, UPLO
```

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

3 Description

This routine computes all the eigenvalues, and optionally all the eigenvectors, of a complex Hermitian matrix A. In other words, it can compute the spectral factorization of A as

$$A = Z\Lambda Z^{H}$$
.

where Λ is a real diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues λ_i , and Z is the (complex) unitary matrix whose columns are the eigenvectors z_i . Thus

$$Az_i = \lambda_i z_i, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n.$$

4 References

Golub G H and van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Parameters

1: JOB – CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates whether eigenvectors are computed as follows:

if JOB = 'N', only eigenvalues are computed;

if JOB = 'V', eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.

Constraint: JOB = 'N' or 'V'.

2: UPLO - CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates whether the upper or lower triangular part of A is stored as follows:

if UPLO = 'U', the upper triangular part of A is stored;

if UPLO = 'L', the lower triangular part of A is stored.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

3: N – INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: $N \ge 0$.

4: A(LDA,*) - complex array

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the n by n Hermitian matrix A. If UPLO = 'U', the upper triangular part of A must be stored and the elements of the array below the diagonal are not referenced; if UPLO = 'L', the lower triangular part of A must be stored and the elements of the array above the diagonal are not referenced.

On exit: if JOB = 'V', this is overwritten by the unitary matrix Z which contains the eigenvectors of A

5: LDA – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F08FQF (CHEEVD/ZHEEVD) is called.

Constraint: LDA $\geq \max(1, N)$.

6: W(*) - real array

Output

Note: the dimension of the array W must be at least max(1, N).

On exit: the eigenvalues of the matrix A in ascending order.

7: WORK(*) - complex array

Workspace

Note: the dimension of the array WORK must be at least max(1, LWORK).

On exit: if INFO = 0, the real part of WORK(1) contains the required minimal size of LWORK.

8: LWORK – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array WORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08FQF (CHEEVD/ZHEEVD) is called, unless LWORK =-1, in which case a workspace query is assumed and the routine only calculates the minimum dimension of WORK.

Constraints:

```
if N \le 1, LWORK \ge 1 or LWORK = -1, if JOB = 'N' and N > 1, LWORK \ge N + 1 or LWORK = -1, if JOB = 'V' and N > 1, LWORK \ge N \times (N + 2) or LWORK = -1.
```

9: RWORK(*) - real array

Workspace

Note: the dimension of the array RWORK must be at least max(1, LRWORK).

On exit: if INFO = 0, RWORK(1) contains the required minimal size of LRWORK.

10: LRWORK - INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array RWORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08FQF (CHEEVD/ZHEEVD) is called, unless LRWORK = -1, in which case a workspace query is assumed and the routine only calculates the minimum dimension of RWORK.

Constraints:

```
if N \le 1, LRWORK \ge 1 or LRWORK = -1, if JOB = 'N' and N > 1, LRWORK \ge N or LRWORK = -1, if JOB = 'V' and N > 1, LRWORK \ge 2 \times N^2 + 5 \times N + 1 or LRWORK = -1.
```

11: IWORK(*) – INTEGER array

Workspace

Note: the dimension of the array IWORK must be at least max(1, LIWORK).

On exit: if INFO = 0, IWORK(1) contains the required minimal size of LIWORK.

12: LIWORK – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array IWORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08FQF (CHEEVD/ZHEEVD) is called, unless LIWORK =-1, in which case a workspace query is assumed and the routine only calculates the minimum dimension of IWORK.

Constraints:

```
if N \le 1, LIWORK \ge 1 or LIWORK = -1, if JOB = 'N' and N > 1, LIWORK \ge 1 or LIWORK = -1, if JOB = 'V' and N > 1, LIWORK \ge 5 \times N + 3 or LIWORK = -1.
```

13: INFO – INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, the *i*th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO = i, the algorithm failed to converge; i indicates the number of elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form which did not converge to zero.

7 Accuracy

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix A + E, where

$$||E||_2 = O(\epsilon)||A||_2$$

and ϵ is the *machine precision*.

8 Further Comments

The real analogue of this routine is F08FCF (SSYEVD/DSYEVD).

9 Example

To compute all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the Hermitian matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1.0 + 0.0i & 2.0 + 1.0i & 3.0 + 1.0i & 4.0 + 1.0i \\ 2.0 - 1.0i & 2.0 + 0.0i & 3.0 + 2.0i & 4.0 + 2.0i \\ 3.0 - 1.0i & 3.0 - 2.0i & 3.0 + 0.0i & 4.0 + 3.0i \\ 4.0 - 1.0i & 4.0 - 2.0i & 4.0 - 3.0i & 4.0 + 0.0i \end{pmatrix}$$

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses **bold italicised** terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
FO8FQF Example Program Text.
  Mark 20 Revised. NAG Copyright 2001.
   .. Parameters ..
   INTEGER
                   NIN, NOUT
   PARAMETER
                    (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
   INTEGER
                   NMAX, LDA
                   (NMAX=8,LDA=NMAX)
  PARAMETER
   INTEGER
                  LWORK, LIWORK, LRWORK
  PARAMETER
                   (LWORK=NMAX*(NMAX+2),LIWORK=5*NMAX+3,
                    LRWORK=2*NMAX*NMAX+5*NMAX+1)
   .. Local Scalars ..
             I, IFAIL, INFO, J, N
   INTEGER
   CHARACTER
                   JOB, UPLO
   .. Local Arrays ..
   complex
                    A(LDA, NMAX), WORK(LWORK)
                    RWORK(LRWORK), W(NMAX)
  real
   INTEGER
                   IWORK(LIWORK)
   .. External Subroutines ..
   EXTERNAL
                   XO4DAF, cheevd
   .. Executable Statements ..
   WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F08FQF Example Program Results'
   Skip heading in data file
   READ (NIN, *)
  READ (NIN,*) N
   IF (N.LE.NMAX) THEN
     READ (NIN,*) UPLO
      Read A from data file
      IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
         READ (NIN,*) ((A(I,J),J=I,N),I=1,N)
      ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
         READ (NIN,*) ((A(I,J),J=1,I),I=1,N)
      END IF
      READ (NIN, *) JOB
      Calculate all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A
      CALL cheevd(JOB, UPLO, N, A, LDA, W, WORK, LWORK, RWORK, LRWORK, IWORK,
                  LIWORK, INFO)
      WRITE (NOUT, *)
      IF (INFO.GT.O) THEN
         WRITE (NOUT, *) 'Failure to converge.'
      ELSE
         Print eigenvalues and eigenvectors
         WRITE (NOUT, *) 'Eigenvalues'
         DO 20 I = 1, N
            WRITE (NOUT, 99999) I, W(I)
20
         CONTINUE
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         IFAIL = 0
```

9.2 Program Data

9.3 Program Results

```
FO8FQF Example Program Results
```

```
Eigenvalues

1 -4.2443
2 -0.6886
3 1.1412
4 13.7916
```

Eigenvectors

```
1 2 3 4
1 0.4836 0.6470 -0.4456 -0.3859
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 -0.0000
2 0.2912 -0.4984 -0.0230 -0.4441
-0.3618 -0.1130 -0.5702 0.0156
3 -0.3163 0.2949 0.5331 -0.5173
-0.3696 0.3165 0.1317 -0.0844
4 -0.4447 -0.2241 -0.3510 -0.5277
```

0.3406 -0.2878 0.2261 -0.3168