G02DFF – NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1   Purpose

G02DFF deletes an independent variable from a general linear regression model.

2   Specification

```
SUBROUTINE G02DFF(IP, Q, LDQ, INDX, RSS, WK, IFAIL)
INTEGER        IP, LDQ, INDX, IFAIL
real           Q(LDQ,IP+1), RSS, WK(2*IP)
```

3   Description

When selecting a linear regression model it is sometimes useful to drop independent variables from the model and to examine the resulting sub-model. G02DFF updates the QR decomposition used in the computation of the linear regression model. The QR decomposition may come from G02DAF, G02DEF or a previous call to G02DFF.

For the general linear regression model with p independent variables fitted G02DAF or G02DEF compute a QR decomposition of the (weighted) independent variables and form an upper triangular matrix R and a vector c. To remove an independent variable R and c have to be updated. The column of R corresponding to the variable to be dropped is removed and the matrix is then restored to upper triangular form by applying a series of Givens rotations. The rotations are then applied to c. Note only the first p elements of c are affected.

The method used means that while the updated values of R and c are computed an updated value of Q from the QR decomposition is not available so a call to G02DEF cannot be made after a call to G02DFF.

G02DDF can be used to calculate the parameter estimates, $\hat{\beta}$, from the information provided by G02DFF.

4   References

[1]   Golub G H and van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* Johns Hopkins University Press (3rd Edition), Baltimore

[2]   Hammarling S (1985) The singular value decomposition in multivariate statistics *SIGNUM Newsl.* **20 (3)** 2–25

5   Parameters

1:   IP — INTEGER   *Input*

On entry: the number of independent variables already in the model, p.

Constraint: IP ≥ 1.

2:   Q(LDQ,IP+1) — *real* array   *Input/Output*

On entry: the results of the QR decomposition as returned by routines G02DAF, G02DCF, G02DEF, G02EEF or previous calls to G02DFF.

On exit: the updated QR decomposition:

3:   LDQ — INTEGER   *Input*

On entry: the first dimension of the array Q as declared in the (sub)program from which G02DFF is called.

Constraint: LDQ $\geq$ IP.

4:   INDX — INTEGER   *Input*

> *On entry:* indicates which independent variable is to be deleted from the model.
>
> *Constraint:* $1 \leq \text{INDX} \leq \text{IP}$.

5:   RSS — **real**   *Input/Output*

> *On entry:* the residual sum of squares for the full regression.
>
> *Constraint:* $\text{RSS} \geq 0.0$.
>
> *On exit:* the residual sum of squares with the (INDX)th variable removed. Note the residual sum of squares will only be valid if the regression is of full rank, otherwise the residual sum of squares should be obtained using G02DDF.

6:   WK(2∗IP) — **real** array   *Workspace*

7:   IFAIL — INTEGER   *Input/Output*

> *On entry:* IFAIL must be set to 0, −1 or 1. For users not familiar with this parameter (described in Chapter P01) the recommended value is 0.
>
> *On exit:* IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6   Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or −1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

> On entry,   IP < 1,
> or   LDQ < IP,
> or   INDX < 1,
> or   INDX > IP,
> or   RSS < 0.0.

IFAIL = 2

> On entry,   a diagonal element of R is zero.

7   Accuracy

There will inevitably be some loss in accuracy in fitting a model by dropping terms from a more complex model rather than fitting it afresh using G02DAF.

8   Further Comments

None.

9   Example

A data set consisting of 12 observations on four independent variables and one dependent variable is read in. The full model, including a mean term, is fitted using G02DAF. The value of INDX is read in and that variable dropped from the regression. The parameter estimates are calculated by G02DDF and printed. This process is repeated until INDX is 0.

9.1   Program Text

Note. The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
*     G02DFF Example Program Text
*     Mark 14 Release.  NAG Copyright 1989.
*     .. Parameters ..
      INTEGER          MMAX, NMAX
      PARAMETER        (MMAX=5,NMAX=12)
      INTEGER          NIN, NOUT
      PARAMETER        (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
*     .. Local Scalars ..
      real             RSS, TOL
      INTEGER          I, IDF, IFAIL, INDX, IP, IRANK, J, M, N
      LOGICAL          SVD
      CHARACTER        MEAN, WEIGHT
*     .. Local Arrays ..
      real             B(MMAX), COV((MMAX*MMAX+MMAX)/2), H(NMAX),
     +                 P(MMAX*(MMAX+2)), Q(NMAX,MMAX+1), RES(NMAX),
     +                 SE(MMAX), WK(5*(MMAX-1)+MMAX*MMAX), WT(NMAX),
     +                 X(NMAX,MMAX), Y(NMAX)
      INTEGER          ISX(MMAX)
*     .. External Subroutines ..
      EXTERNAL         G02DAF, G02DDF, G02DFF
*     .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'G02DFF Example Program Results'
*     Skip heading in data file
      READ (NIN,*)
      READ (NIN,*) N, M, WEIGHT, MEAN
      IF (N.LE.NMAX .AND. M.LT.MMAX) THEN
         IF (WEIGHT.EQ.'W' .OR. WEIGHT.EQ.'w') THEN
            DO 20 I = 1, N
               READ (NIN,*) (X(I,J),J=1,M), Y(I), WT(I)
   20       CONTINUE
         ELSE
            DO 40 I = 1, N
               READ (NIN,*) (X(I,J),J=1,M), Y(I)
   40       CONTINUE
         END IF
         DO 60 I = 1, M
            ISX(I) = 1
   60    CONTINUE
         IP = M
         IF (MEAN.EQ.'M' .OR. MEAN.EQ.'m') IP = IP + 1
*        Set tolerance
         TOL = 0.00001e0
         IFAIL = 0
*
         CALL G02DAF(MEAN,WEIGHT,N,X,NMAX,M,ISX,IP,Y,WT,RSS,IDF,B,SE,
     +               COV,RES,H,Q,NMAX,SVD,IRANK,P,TOL,WK,IFAIL)
*
         WRITE (NOUT,*)
         WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Results from full model'
         IF (SVD) THEN
            WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Model not of full rank'
            WRITE (NOUT,*)
         END IF
         WRITE (NOUT,99999) 'Residual sum of squares = ', RSS
```

```
            WRITE (NOUT,99998) 'Degrees of freedom = ', IDF
            WRITE (NOUT,*)
   80       READ (NIN,*) INDX
            IF (INDX.NE.0) THEN
               IFAIL = 0
*
               CALL G02DFF(IP,Q,NMAX,INDX,RSS,WK,IFAIL)
*
               IP = IP - 1
               IF (IP.EQ.0) THEN
                  WRITE (NOUT,*) 'No terms left in model'
               ELSE
                  WRITE (NOUT,99998) 'Variable', INDX, ' dropped'
                  IFAIL = 0
*
                  CALL G02DDF(N,IP,Q,NMAX,RSS,IDF,B,SE,COV,SVD,IRANK,P,TOL,
     +                        WK,IFAIL)
*
                  WRITE (NOUT,99999) 'Residual sum of squares = ', RSS
                  WRITE (NOUT,99998) 'Degrees of freedom = ', IDF
                  WRITE (NOUT,*)
                  WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Parameter estimate   Standard error'
                  WRITE (NOUT,*)
                  DO 100 J = 1, IP
                     WRITE (NOUT,99997) B(J), SE(J)
  100             CONTINUE
                  GO TO 80
               END IF
            END IF
         END IF
      END IF
      STOP
*
99999 FORMAT (1X,A,e13.4)
99998 FORMAT (1X,A,I4,A)
99997 FORMAT (1X,e15.4,e20.4)
      END
```

9.2 Program Data

```
G02DFF Example Program Data
 12 4 'U' 'M'
1.0 1.4 0.0 0.0 4.32
1.5 2.2 0.0 0.0 5.21
2.0 4.5 0.0 0.0 6.49
2.5 6.1 0.0 0.0 7.10
3.0 7.1 0.0 0.0 7.94
3.5 7.7 0.0 0.0 8.53
4.0 8.3 1.0 4.0 8.84
4.5 8.6 1.0 4.5 9.02
5.0 8.8 1.0 5.0 9.27
5.5 9.0 1.0 5.5 9.43
6.0 9.3 1.0 6.0 9.68
6.5 9.2 1.0 6.5 9.83
2
4
0
```

9.3 Program Results

```
G02DFF Example Program Results

Results from full model
Residual sum of squares =    0.8407E-01
Degrees of freedom =    7

Variable    2 dropped
Residual sum of squares =    0.2124E+00
Degrees of freedom =    8

Parameter estimate    Standard error

    0.3637E+01          0.1508E+00
    0.6126E+00          0.2801E-01
   -0.6015E+00          0.4234E+00
    0.1671E+00          0.7866E-01
Variable    4 dropped
Residual sum of squares =    0.3322E+00
Degrees of freedom =    9

Parameter estimate    Standard error

    0.3597E+01          0.1765E+00
    0.6209E+00          0.3271E-01
    0.2425E+00          0.1724E+00
```