#### G11SBF - NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

G11SBF is a service routine which may be used prior to calling G11SAF to calculate the frequency distribution of a set of dichotomous score patterns.

## 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE G11SBF(IP, N, IS, X, NRX, IRL, IFAIL)
INTEGER IP, N, IS, NRX, IRL(N), IFAIL
LOGICAL X(NRX,IP)
```

## 3 Description

When each of n individuals responds to each of p dichotomous variables the data assumes the form of the matrix X defined below

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x_{11} & x_{12} & . & . & . & x_{1p} \\ x_{21} & x_{22} & . & . & . & x_{2p} \\ . & . & & . & . \\ . & . & & . & . \\ x_{n1} & x_{n2} & . & . & . & x_{np} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{x}_1' \\ \underline{x}_2' \\ . \\ . \\ \underline{x}_n' \end{bmatrix}$$

where the x's take the value of 0 or 1 and  $\underline{x}_l = (x_{l1}, x_{l2}, \dots, x_{lp})'$ , for  $l = 1, 2, \dots, n$  denotes the score pattern of the lth individual (' denoting the transpose of a vector). G11SBF calculates the number of different score patterns, s, and the frequency with which each occurs. This information can then be passed to G11SAF.

#### 4 References

None.

#### 5 Parameters

1: IP — INTEGER

On entry: the number of dichotomous variables, p.

Constraint: IP > 3.

2: N — INTEGER Input

On entry: the number of individuals in the sample, n.

Constraint: N > 7.

3: IS — INTEGER

On exit: the number of different score patterns, s.

4: X(NRX,IP) — LOGICAL array Input/Output

On entry: X(i,j) must be set equal to .TRUE. if  $x_{ij} = 1$ , and .FALSE. if  $x_{ij} = 0$ , for i = 1, 2, ..., n; j = 1, 2, ..., p.

On exit: the first s rows of X contain the s different score patterns.

[NP3390/19/pdf] G11SBF.1

5: NRX — INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array X as declared in the (sub)program from which G11SBF is called.

Constraint:  $NRX \geq N$ .

**6:** IRL(N) — INTEGER array

Output

On exit: the frequency with which the lth row of X occurs, for l = 1, 2, ..., s.

7: IFAIL — INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. For users not familiar with this parameter (described in Chapter P01) the recommended value is 0.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

### 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

```
On entry, IP < 3,

or N < 7,

or NRX < N.
```

## 7 Accuracy

Exact.

### 8 Further Comments

The time taken by the routine is small and increases with n.

# 9 Example

A program to count the frequencies of different score patterns in the following list:

#### 9.1 Program Text

**Note.** The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
* G11SBF Example Program Text

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```

\* .. Parameters ..

INTEGER NIN, NOUT
PARAMETER (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
INTEGER NRX, IPMAX

PARAMETER (NRX=100, IPMAX=5)

\* .. Local Scalars ..

INTEGER I, IFAIL, IP, IS, J, N

\* .. Local Arrays ..

G11SBF.2 [NP3390/19/pdf]

```
INTEGER
                       IRL(NRX)
     LOGICAL
                       X(NRX, IPMAX)
      .. External Subroutines ..
     EXTERNAL
                       G11SBF
      .. Executable Statements ...
     WRITE (NOUT,*) 'G11SBF Example Program Results'
     Skip heading in data file
     READ (NIN,*)
     READ (NIN,*) N, IP
     IF (N.GT.O .AND. N.LE.NRX .AND. IP.GT.O .AND. IP.LE.IPMAX) THEN
        DO 20 I = 1, N
            READ (NIN,*) (X(I,J),J=1,IP)
  20
        CONTINUE
        IFAIL = 0
        CALL G11SBF(IP,N,IS,X,NRX,IRL,IFAIL)
        WRITE (NOUT,*)
        WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Frequency Score pattern'
        WRITE (NOUT,*)
        DO 40 I = 1, IS
            WRITE (NOUT, 99999) IRL(I), (X(I,J), J=1, IP)
  40
        CONTINUE
     END IF
     STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X, I5, 12X, 5L2)
     END
```

#### 9.2 Program Data

```
G11SBF Example Program Data
10 3
F F F
F T F
T T T
F F F
F F F
F F F
F F F
T T F
F F F
F F T
F F T
F F T
F F T
F F T
F F T
```

#### 9.3 Program Results

G11SBF Example Program Results

Frequency	Score pattern
4	FFF
1	FTF
1	ттт
2	FFT
1	TTF
1	FTT

[NP3390/19/pdf] G11SBF.3 (last)