# NAG Fortran Library Routine Document G13FHF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

#### 1 Purpose

G13FHF forecasts the conditional variances,  $h_t, t = T + 1, ..., T + \xi$  from an exponential GARCH(p, q) sequence, where  $\xi$  is the forecast horizon and T is the current time (see Engle and Ng (1993)).

#### 2 Specifications

SUBROUTINE G13FHF(NUM, NT, IP, IQ, THETA, FHT, HT, ET, IFAIL)
INTEGER

NUM, NT, IP, IQ, IFAIL

real

THETA(2\*IQ+IP+1), FHT(NT), HT(NUM), ET(NUM)

#### 3 Description

Assume the GARCH(p, q) process represented by:

$$ln(h_t) = \alpha_0 + \sum_{i=1}^q \alpha_i z_{t-i} + \sum_{j=1}^q \phi_i(|z_{t-j}| - E[|z_{t-i}|]) + \sum_{j=1}^p \beta_i ln(h_{t-j}), \quad t = 1, \dots, T.$$

where  $\epsilon_t | \psi_{t-1} = N(0, h_t)$  or  $\epsilon_t | \psi_{t-1} = S_t(df, h_t)$ , and  $z_t = \frac{\epsilon_t}{\sqrt{h_t}}$ ,  $E[|z_{t-i}|]$  denotes the expected value of  $|z_{t-i}|$ , has been modelled by G13FGF, and the estimated conditional variances and residuals are contained in the arrays HT and ET respectively.

G13FHF will then use the last  $\max(p,q)$  elements of the arrays HT and ET to estimate the conditional variance forecasts,  $h_t|\psi_T$ , where  $t=T+1,\ldots,T+\xi$  and  $\xi$  is the forecast horizon.

#### 4 References

Engle R (1982) Autoregressive conditional heteroskedasticity with estimates of the variance of United Kingdom inflation *Econometrica* **50** 987–1008

Bollerslev T (1986) Generalised autoregressive conditional heteroskedasticity *Journal of Econometrics* **31** 307–327

Engle R and Ng V (1993) Measuring and Testing the Impact of News on Volatility *Journal of Finance* 48 1749–1777

Hamilton J (1994) Time Series Analysis Princeton University Press

Glosten L, Jagannathan R and Runkle D (1993) Relationship between the expected value and the volatility of nominal excess return on stocks *Journal of Finance* **48** 1779–1801

#### 5 Parameters

1: NUM – INTEGER Input

On entry: the number of terms in the arrays HT and ET from the modelled sequence.

Constraint:  $max(IP, IQ) \le NUM$ .

2: NT – INTEGER Input

On entry: the forecast horizon,  $\xi$ .

Constraint: NT > 0.

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3: IP – INTEGER Input

On entry: the number of coefficients,  $\beta_i$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, p$ .

Constraints:

$$\label{eq:local_equation} \begin{split} & \max(IP, IQ) \leq 20, \\ & IP \geq 0. \end{split}$$

4: IQ – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the number of coefficients,  $\alpha_i$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, q$ .

Constraints:

$$\label{eq:local_equation} \begin{split} & \max(IP, IQ) \leq 20, \\ & IQ \geq 1. \end{split}$$

5: THETA(2\*IQ+IP+1) - real array

Input

On entry: the initial parameter estimates for the vector  $\theta$ . The first element must contain the coefficient  $\alpha_o$  and the next IQ elements must contain the autoregressive coefficients  $\alpha_i$ , for  $i=1,\ldots,q$ . The next IQ elements must contain the coefficients  $\phi_i$ , for  $i=1,\ldots,q$ . The next IP elements must contain the moving average coefficients  $\beta_i$ , for  $j=1,\ldots,p$ .

6: FHT(NT) - real array

Output

On exit: the forecast values of the conditional variance,  $h_t$ , for  $t = T + 1, \dots, T + \xi$ .

7: HT(NUM) - real array

Input

On entry: the sequence of past conditional variances for the GARCH(p,q) process,  $h_t$ , for  $t=1,\ldots,T$ .

8: ET(NUM) – *real* array

Input

On entry: the sequence of past residuals for the GARCH(p,q) process,  $\epsilon_t$ , for  $t=1,\ldots,T$ .

9: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, because for this routine the values of the output parameters may be useful even if IFAIL  $\neq 0$  on exit, the recommended value is -1. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

#### 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

```
\begin{array}{lll} \text{On entry,} & \text{NUM} < \text{max}(\text{IP}, \text{IQ}), \\ \text{or} & \text{IQ} < 1, \\ \text{or} & \text{IP} < 0, \\ \text{or} & \text{max}(\text{IP}, \text{IQ}) > 20, \\ \text{or} & \text{NT} \leq 0. \end{array}
```

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## 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

### **8** Further Comments

None.

## 9 Example

See Section 9 of the document for G13FGF.

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