

NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

M01EDF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

M01EDF rearranges a vector of complex numbers into the order specified by a vector of ranks.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE M01EDF(CV, M1, M2, IRANK, IFAIL)
INTEGER          M1, M2, IRANK(M2), IFAIL
complex        CV(M2)
```

3 Description

M01EDF is designed to be used typically in conjunction with the M01D ranking routines. After one of the M01D routines has been called to determine a vector of ranks, M01EDF can be called to rearrange a vector of complex numbers into the rank order. If the vector of ranks has been generated in some other way, then M01ZBF should be called to check its validity before M01EDF is called.

4 References

None.

5 Parameters

1: CV(M2) – *complex* array *Input/Output*

On entry: elements M1 to M2 of CV must contain complex values to be rearranged.

On exit: these values are rearranged into rank order. For example, if $IRANK(i) = M1$, then the initial value of $CV(i)$ is moved to $CV(M1)$.

2: M1 – INTEGER *Input*

3: M2 – INTEGER *Input*

On entry: M1 and M2 must specify the range of the ranks supplied in IRANK and the elements of CV to be rearranged.

Constraint: $0 < M1 \leq M2$.

4: IRANK(M2) – INTEGER array *Input/Output*

On entry: elements M1 to M2 of IRANK must contain a permutation of the integers M1 to M2, which are interpreted as a vector of ranks.

On exit: used as internal workspace prior to being restored and hence is unchanged.

5: IFAIL – INTEGER *Input/Output*

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.

On exit: $IFAIL = 0$ unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the

value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, for users not familiar with this parameter the recommended value is 0. **When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1 , explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, $M2 < 1$,
or $M1 < 1$,
or $M1 > M2$.

IFAIL = 2

Elements M1 to M2 of IRANK contain a value outside the range M1 to M2.

IFAIL = 3

Elements M1 to M2 of IRANK contain a repeated value.

If IFAIL = 2 or 3, elements M1 to M2 of IRANK do not contain a permutation of the integers M1 to M2. On exit, the contents of CV may be corrupted. To check the validity of IRANK without the risk of corrupting CV, use M01ZBF.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Further Comments

The average time taken by the routine is approximately proportional to n , where $n = M2 - M1 + 1$.

9 Example

The example program reads a matrix of complex numbers and rearranges its rows so that the elements in the k th column are in ascending order of modulus. To do this, the program first calls M01DAF to rank the moduli of the elements in the k th column, and then calls M01EDF to rearrange each column into the order specified by the ranks. The value of k is read from the datafile.

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses *bold italicised* terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
*      M01EDF Example Program Text.
*      Mark 19 Release. NAG Copyright 1999.
*      .. Parameters ..
INTEGER          NIN, NOUT
PARAMETER       (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
INTEGER          MMAX, NMAX
PARAMETER       (MMAX=20,NMAX=20)
*      .. Local Scalars ..
INTEGER          I, IFAIL, J, K, M, N
CHARACTER*30     STRING
*      .. Local Arrays ..
complex         CM(MMAX,NMAX)
real           CMOD(MMAX)
INTEGER          IRANK(MMAX)
*      .. External Subroutines ..
```

```

EXTERNAL          M01DAF, M01EDF, X04DAF
*
.. Intrinsic Functions ..
INTRINSIC          ABS
*
.. Executable Statements ..
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'M01EDF Example Program Results'
*
Skip heading in data file
READ (NIN,*)
READ (NIN,*) M, N, K
IF (M.GE.1 .AND. M.LE.MMAX .AND. N.GE.1 .AND. N.LE.NMAX .AND.
+   K.GE.1 .AND. K.LE.N) THEN
*
    Read matrix from data file.
*
    DO 20 I = 1, M
        READ (NIN,*) (CM(I,J),J=1,N)
20    CONTINUE
*
    Calculate the moduli of the elements in the K-th column.
*
    DO 40 I = 1, M
        CMOD(I) = ABS(CM(I,K))
40    CONTINUE
*
    Rearrange the rows so that the elements in the K-th column
    are in ascending order of modulus.
*
    IFAIL = 0
*
    CALL M01DAF(CMOD,1,M,'Ascending',IRANK,IFAIL)
*
    Rearrange each column into the order specified by IRANK.
*
    DO 60 J = 1, N
        IFAIL = 0
*
        CALL M01EDF(CM(1,J),1,M,IRANK,IFAIL)
*
60    CONTINUE
*
    Print the results.
*
    WRITE (NOUT,*)
    WRITE (STRING,99999) 'Matrix sorted on column', K
    IFAIL = 0
*
    CALL X04DAF('General',' ',M,N,CM,MMAX,STRING,IFAIL)
*
    END IF
    STOP
*
99999 FORMAT (1X,A,I3)
END

```

9.2 Program Data

M01EDF Example Program Data

```

12 3 2
(6.0, 1.0) (5.0,-2.0) (4.0, 4.0)
(5.0,-3.0) (2.0,-2.0) (1.0, 1.0)
(2.0, 2.0) (4.0, 1.0) (9.0,-3.0)
(4.0, 2.0) (9.0, 6.0) (6.0, 4.0)
(4.0, 0.0) (9.0, 3.0) (5.0, 1.0)
(4.0,-8.0) (1.0, 5.0) (2.0, 1.0)
(3.0,-3.0) (4.0,-5.0) (1.0, 0.0)
(2.0, 4.0) (4.0,-2.0) (6.0,-1.0)
(1.0, 1.0) (6.0, 1.0) (4.0, 0.0)
(9.0, 1.0) (3.0, 3.0) (2.0,-4.0)
(6.0,-1.0) (2.0, 3.0) (5.0,-3.0)
(4.0,-5.0) (9.0, 9.0) (6.0, 7.0)

```

9.3 Program Results

M01EDF Example Program Results

```
Matrix sorted on column 2
      1      2      3
1      5.0000      2.0000      1.0000
      -3.0000      -2.0000      1.0000

2      6.0000      2.0000      5.0000
      -1.0000      3.0000      -3.0000

3      2.0000      4.0000      9.0000
      2.0000      1.0000      -3.0000

4      9.0000      3.0000      2.0000
      1.0000      3.0000      -4.0000

5      2.0000      4.0000      6.0000
      4.0000      -2.0000      -1.0000

6      4.0000      1.0000      2.0000
      -8.0000      5.0000      1.0000

7      6.0000      5.0000      4.0000
      1.0000      -2.0000      4.0000

8      1.0000      6.0000      4.0000
      1.0000      1.0000      0.0000

9      3.0000      4.0000      1.0000
      -3.0000      -5.0000      0.0000

10     4.0000      9.0000      5.0000
      0.0000      3.0000      1.0000

11     4.0000      9.0000      6.0000
      2.0000      6.0000      4.0000

12     4.0000      9.0000      6.0000
      -5.0000      9.0000      7.0000
```
